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## Blood Relation Questions With Solution

Directions (1-3): Study the following information carefully to answer the questions that follow: A is father of B and C is mother of A. E is sister of F whose daughter is G. S, the husband of C is the grandfather of G. P is father of E and brother of R. S has only two children, both of opposite sex.

1. What is the relation between F and S ?
A) $F$ is daughter of $S$
B) $F$ is sister of $S$
C) $F$ is son of $S$
D) F is daughter in law of S
E) Either A option or D option

View Answer
Option D
Explanation:
C and $S$ have 2 children, one is $A$ who is male ( $A$ is father of $B$ ). since $C$ is the grandfather of $G$ so $F$ should be wife of A to have the relation C is the grandfather of G .
If F was daughter of C and s , so C would have been maternal grandfather of her daughter G .
2. What is the relation between E and B ?
A) $E$ is sister of $B$
B) $E$ is brother of $B$
C) $E$ is aunt of $B$
D) E is maternal grandmother of B
E) None of these

## View Answer <br> Option C <br> Explanation: <br> $E$ is sister of $F$ and $B$ is child of $F$

3. What is the relation between B and G ?
A) B is sister of G
B) $B$ is brother of $G$
C) $B$ is aunt of $G$
D) There is no relation
E) None of these

View Answer<br>Option E<br>Explanation:

Since gender of B is not known, either sister or brother of G

## Directions (4-6):

A is mother of $D$ who is father of $G . B$ is grandfather of $E$ and husband of $A . D$ who has only two children is brother of $C$. A has two children both of same gender. $J$ is aunt of $H$ who is sister of $G$.
4. What is the relation between J and D?
A) J is sister of D
B) J is mother of D
C) $J$ is aunt of $D$
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these

## View Answer <br> Option E <br> Explanation:

H is sister of G and G is child of D. so H and G children of D. J is aunt of H. so J can be wife of D's brother C or J can be sister of D's wife. In both cases J will be sister in law of D.
5. What is the relation between C and E ?
A) $C$ is brother of $E$
B) $C$ is father of $E$
C) $C$ is uncle of $E$
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these

## View Answer <br> Option B <br> Explanation: <br> $B$ and $A$ are husband wife, who have 2 children of same sex. A is mother of $D$ who is father of $G$. this means both children are males. D is brother of C , so C and D both are sons of A and B . <br> $D$ also has two children $-G$ and $H$. if $B$ is grandfather of $E$ then $C$ must be father of $E$.

6. At least how many male members can be predicted by the given relations?
A) 2
B) 3
C) 4
D) 5
E) None of these
```
View Answer
Option B
Explanation:
\(\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}\), and D are certainly males
H and J are females. Gender of E and G not known.
```


## Directions (7-8):

A has two sons. E is the daughter of $G$ and $B$ is the mother of $C$. $F$, the brother of $E$ is the son of $C$ who is the son of A. A is grandfather of J who is not a sibling of E. B has a child named D.
7. What is the relationship between D and J ?
A) $D$ is father of $J$
B) D is uncle of J
C) $J$ is son of $D$
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these

## View Answer <br> Option D <br> Explanation:

A has two sons, but it is not mentioned that A has only 2 sons. So A and B can have daughters also Also it is not known that D is son of A or daughter of A , so J can be child of D or D can be uncle/aunt of J .
8. What is the ratio of males to females in the family?
A) $1: 1$
B) $1: 3$
C) $5: 3$
D) $3: 5$
E) Cannot be determined

## View Answer <br> Option E <br> Explanation: <br> J's and D's gender not known.

9. If ' $\mathrm{P} \# \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the sister of Q ', ' $\mathrm{P}+\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the wife of Q ', ' $\mathrm{P} @ \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is the son of $Q$ ', and ' $P \$ Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the mother of $Q$ ', then what will come in the place of question mark, if it is provided that ' D is the daughter-in-law of T ' in the expression ' $\mathrm{D} \$ \mathrm{R}$ ? L @ T '?
A) +
B) \#
C) $\$$
D) @
E) + or @

## View Answer <br> Option D <br> Explanation:

$L$ is son of $T, D$ is mother of $R$, so $R$ should be child of $D$ and $L$, for $D$ to be daughter in law of $T$.
10. F is the Father of D, who is the father of S. M is the grandmother of R, who is the son of O.N is paternal uncle of R , who is brother of S . What is the relationship between O and R ?
A) Mother and son
B) uncle and nephew
C) Father and son
D) No relation
E) Cannot be determined

View Answer
Option A
Explanation:
$R$ is brother of $S$ means $D$ is father of $R . R$ is son of $O$ also, so $O$ is mother of $R$.

## Directions (1-3):

B is the mother of C who is the sister of G and H only. I is the son of H . D is the father of E . Among the children of $A$ and $B$, only 1 is unmarried. $G$ is the uncle of $E$ who is the sister of $F$. C has only 2 children.

1. How is G related to B ?
A) son
B) daughter
C) son-in-law
D) daughter-in-law
E) Cannot be determined

## View Answer <br> Option A <br> Explanation:

$G$ is the uncle so is male. so is son of B
2. Who is the unmarried child of A and B?
A) C
B) G
C) H
D) E
E) Cannot be determined


#### Abstract

View Answer Option B Explanation: I is son of H and C has 2 children, so G is left. Also A and B have only 3 children because C is sister on only H and G .


3. Who is the mother of F ?
A) C
B) H
C) B
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these


#### Abstract

View Answer Option D Explanation: E is sister of F, D being their father. But no relation is given between C and D or H and D. C can be F's mother or H can also be F's mother because not specified that H has how many children.


```
Directions (4-5): Consider the following relationships and answer based on the relationships given below:
'P \% Q' means 'P is daughter of Q'
' P \# Q' means ' P is wife of Q '
' \(\mathrm{P} \$ \mathrm{Q}\) ' means ' \(P\) is father of Q '
'P @ Q' means ' P is brother of Q '
```

4. $\quad \mathrm{N} @ \mathrm{~B} \$ \mathrm{M} \% \mathrm{D}$ indicates what relationship between N and D ?
A) $D$ is sister of $N$
B) $D$ is nephew of $N$
C) D is sister in law of N
D) N is wife of D
E) None of these
```
View Answer
Option C
Explanation:
\(N\) is brother of \(B, B\) is father of \(M\) and \(M\) is daughter of \(D\), so \(L\) is daughter of \(B\) and \(D, B\) is father so D is female, and so sister in law of N .
```

5. The expression "M \# Q @ D \% S" indicates which of the following relationship?
A) Q is father of S
B) D is brother-in-law of M
C) $M$ is sister of $S$
D) S is mother-in-law of M
E) None of above

## View Answer <br> Option E <br> Explanation:

M is wife of $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{Q}$ is brother of D , so M is sister-in-law of D
$D$ is daughter of $S$, so $M$ must be daughter-in-law of $S$ - but gender of $S$ not known, and $D$ sister-inlaw of M
6. Looking at a lady in a photograph, Tanya said, "She is my mother's mother's daughter".

How is the lady related to Tanya?
A) Aunt
B) Sister
C) Sister in law
D) Daughter
E) Cannot be determined

## View Answer <br> Option E <br> Explanation: <br> Since it is not specified that mother's mother have how many daughters, so lady can be mother or aunt of Tanya.

7. If ' $\mathrm{P} \$ \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is mother of Q ', ' $\mathrm{P} \# \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is father of Q ', and ' P @ Q ' means ' P is husband of Q ', then in the expression "B @ K \$ W \# M" what is the relationship of B with M?
A) Paternal Grandmother
B) Maternal Grandmother
C) Paternal Grandfather
D) Maternal Grandfather
E) None of these

## View Answer <br> Option C <br> Explanation:

$B$ is husband of $K, K$ is mother of $W$, so $W$ is child of $B$ and $K$
$W$ is father of $M$, so $M$ is grandchild of $B$ and $K, B$ being male here

## Directions (8-10):

P is the brother of Q. C is the daughter of P and also sister of J . A is mother of J . S is father of A. D who is son of T is brother of A . B has only one son and is married to E , mother of P .
8. How is D related to J?
A) son
B) father
C) brother-in-law
D) uncle
E) Cannot be determined

## View Answer <br> Option D <br> Explanation:

D is brother of A and A is mother of J. So D is uncle of J.
9. If G is married to Q , how is B related to G ?
A) father
B) father-in-law
C) son-in-law
D) uncle
E) Cannot be determined

View Answer
Option B
Explanation:
$E$ is mother of $P$, so $B$ is his father, $Q$ is child of $B$, so $B$ is father-in-law of someone (here $G$ ) who is married to Q .
10. If A relates to $S$ in the same way as $J$ relates to $P$, then how is $J$ related to $Q$ ?
A) daughter
B) nephew
C) niece
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these

## View Answer

```
Option C
Explanation:
A is daughter of S . So J is daughter of P hence is niece of Q .
```

Direction(1-5) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions
' A \# B' means ' A is the daughter of B '
' $A \subset B$ ' means ' $B$ is the brother of $A$ '
$' A=B$ ' means ' $B$ is the sister of $A$ '
' $A$ \& $B$ ' means ' $A$ is the son of $B$ '
' $A$ * $B$ ' means ' $A$ is the father of $B$ '
' A @ B ' means ' A is the mother of B '

1. What does the expression 'P @ $\mathbf{R}=\mathbf{Q} \subset \mathbf{S} \& \mathbf{T}$ '?
A. T is the husband of P
B. $R$ is the son of $T$
C. R is the daughter of T
D. T is the wife of P
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer- A. T is the husband of $\mathbf{P}$
2. Which of the following indicates that ' $A$ is the paternal uncle of $B$ '?
A. A \& U \# Q @ R © B
B. A \& U \& R @ Q © B
C. $B \& R \& Q @ U @ A$
D. $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{Q} \# \mathrm{U}$ @ R © A
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer-C.B\&R\&Q@U@A
3. Which of the following can be the correct conclusion drawn from the expression
$' \mathbf{A}=\mathbf{P} \# \mathbf{Q} \subset \mathbf{V}$ * $\mathbf{R}$ '?
A. R is the grandson of P
B. A is the uncle of Q
C. Q is the uncle of R
D. $R$ is the niece of $Q$
E. None of these

## Answer <br> Answer E. None of these

## 4. Which of the following can be correct conclusion drawn from the expression

'E \& C @ D © G=F'?
A. D is the brother of F
B. C has two sons and two daughters
C. D is the sister of F
D. F is the sister of E
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer D. F is the sister of $\mathbf{E}$
5. Which of the following indicates ' M is the daughter of N '?
A. $\mathrm{Q}^{*} \mathrm{P}$ \# C @ N @ V
B. $\mathrm{N}^{*} \mathrm{D} \# \mathrm{R}$ @ M @ B
C. F @ N \# R * M
D. F © $M=B \# N$
E. None of these

Answer
Answer B. N * D \# R @ M @ B

Directions(6-8): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: $P$ is the daughter of $Q . R$ has only two children $-P$ and $S . T$ is the brother of $U . S$ is married to $V . R$ has only two daughters. $W$ is the mother of $Q$. $T$ is married to $P . W$ is married to $X$. $R$ is the son of Y.
6. Who among the following is the father of $Q$ ?
A. W
B. Y
C. R
D. X
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer - D. X
7. Who among the following is the sister-in-law of $\mathbf{U}$ ?
A. $S$
B. $P$
C. Q
D. W
E. Y

## Answer

Answer-B. P
8. How is $\mathbf{R}$ related to $\mathbf{T}$ ?
A. Father-in-law
B. Mother-in-law
C. Father
D. Mother
E. Brother

Answer
Answer A. Father-in-law
9.

Directions(Q.No: 9 \& 10): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
$P$ is the brother of $Q$. $Q$ is the mother of $R$. $R$ is the sister of $S$. $S$ is married to T. U is the father of Q. U has only one daughter. U is married to $\mathrm{V} . \mathrm{P}$ is the brother of $\mathrm{W} . \mathrm{X}$ is the father-in-law of W .
6.
9. How is $\mathbf{W}$ related to $\mathbf{R}$ ?
A. Cannot be determined
B. Mother
C. Uncle
D. Father
E. Aunt

## Answer

Answer C. Uncle
10. If $\mathbf{X}$ is the father of $\mathbf{M}$, then how is $\mathbf{W}$ related to $\mathbf{M}$ ?
A. Cousin
B. Husband
C. Wife
D. Cannot be determined
E. Brother

## Answer

Answer B. Husband
1-4:
' $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is son of Q '.
' $P+Q$ ' means ' $P$ is daughter of $Q$ '.
' $P \div Q$ ' means ' $P$ is wife of $Q$ '.
' $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' P is father of Q '.

1. In the expression ' $\mathbf{K}+\mathbf{H}-\mathbf{P}$ ? $\mathbf{Q}$ ', what will come in place of ? if $\mathbf{Q}$ is mother of $K$ ?
A) +
B) -
C) $\div$
D) $\times$
E) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

## E) None of these

## Explanation:

K daughter of $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}$ father of P , so KandP siblings, now Q to be mother of $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{P}$ must be son or daughter of Q . so both $\times$ and +
2. Which of the following relation is true with regard to expression ' $\mathbf{B} \div \mathbf{P} \times \mathbf{Z}-\mathbf{K}+\mathbf{O}$ '?
A) P is brother of O
B) $B$ is daughter-in-law of $K$
C) B is daughter-in-law of O
D) O is daughter of Z
E) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

C) $\mathbf{B}$ is daughter-in-law of $\mathbf{O}$

Explanation:
B wife of $\mathrm{P}, \mathrm{P}$ son of $\mathrm{Z}, \mathrm{Z}$ father of $\mathrm{K}-$ so P and K siblings, K daughter of O So Z and O husband wife, P and K brother sister, B wife of P
So B is daughter-in-law of O
3. Which of the following pairs represent the first cousins in the expressions - ' $\mathbf{L} \div \mathbf{V}-\mathbf{J}+\mathbf{P}$ ' and ' $\mathbf{S} \times \mathbf{A}-\mathbf{D}+\mathrm{F}-\mathbf{E}+\mathrm{K}$ ' - if it is given that A is the sister of J ?
A) LP
B) SP
C) SK
D) SF
E) Cannot be determined

## Answer \& Explanation

B) SP

Explanation:
J father of P , and S son of A now given that A is the sister of J ,
Now A and J siblings. P is J's child, and S is A's, so both first cousins
4. If it is provided that $M$ is grandmother of $P$, then what will come in place of ? in expression - 'P - H $\div$ T ? M'?
A) +
B) -
C) $\div$
D) $\times$
E) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

E) None of these

Explanation:
P father of H, H wife of T.
Now for M to be grandmother of P , there is no relation given between T and M .
5-6:
'A \$ B' means 'A is father of B'
'A \# B' means 'A is wife of B'
'A @ B' means 'A is brother of B'
' $\mathrm{A} \% \mathrm{~B}$ ' means ' A is daughter of B '
5. $\quad \mathbf{P} @ \mathbf{R} \$ \mathbf{J}$ \# T indicates what relationship between $\mathbf{P}$ and $\mathbf{J}$ ?
A) $J$ is sister of $P$
B) $J$ is nephew of $P$
C) $J$ is niece of $P$
D) Cannot be determined
E) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

C) $J$ is niece of $P$

Explanation:
$P$ is brother of $R, R$ is father of $J$ and $J$ is wife of $T$
Since J is wife, so is a female, so she is niece of her father's brother
6. The expression "P \# O @ G \% F" indicates which of the following relationship?
A) $O$ is father of $F$
B) G is brother-in-law of P
C) $P$ is sister of $F$
D) F is mother-in-law of P
E) Cannot be determined

## Answer \& Explanation <br> E) Cannot be determined <br> Explanation:

P is wife of $\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{O}$ is brother of G , so P is sister-in-law of G
G is daughter of F , so P must be daughter-in-law of F - but gender of F not known, and G sister-in-law of P (as G being a female)
7. A told to B, "Yesterday I met the only daughter of my grandmother." Whom did A meet?
A) Cousin
B) Mother
C) Sister
D) Nephew
E) None of these

Answer \& Explanation
E) None of these

Explanation:
He met his aunt, i.e. his father's sister
8. Which of the following means that $M$ is grandmother of $N$, if ' $\mathbf{P} \$ \mathbf{Q}$ ' means $\mathbf{P}$ is father of $Q$ ', ' $P$ * $Q$ ' means $P$ is mother of $Q$, ' $P$ @ $Q$ ' means $P$ is wife of $Q$ '?
A) $\mathrm{M} * \mathrm{R} \$ \mathrm{~T}$ @ N
B) $\mathrm{M} * \mathrm{R} @ \mathrm{~T} @ \mathrm{~N}$
C) M * T \$ N \$ R
D) $\mathrm{M} * \mathrm{~T} \$ \mathrm{R}$ @ N
E) Both C and D

## Answer \& Explanation

C) $\mathbf{M}$ * T \$ N \$ R

Explanation:
Check all options
$\mathrm{C})=\mathrm{M}$ is mother of $\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{T}$ father of N
9. Pointing to a lady, Arun said "The son of her only brother is the brother of my wife". How is the lady related to Arun?
A) Mother's sister
B) Grandmother
C) Mother-in-law
D) Sister of father-in-law
E) Maternal aunt

## Answer \& Explanation

D) Sister of father-in-law

Explanation:
Her brother is Arun's father-in-law, so she is sister of father-in-law
10. Pointing to a person, Arun said to Sarika, "His mother the only daughter of your father." How is Sarika related to that person?
A) Aunt
B) Daughter
C) Mother-in-law
D) Mother
E) Sister

## Answer \& Explanation

D) Mother

Explanation:
Sarika's father's only daughter means Sarika herself, so Sarika is mother to that person (pointed to by His)

## Direction(1-2) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions-

$A * B$ means $A$ is the sister of $B$
$A \div B$ means $A$ is the brother of $B$
$A+B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$
$A-B$ means $A$ is the mother of $B$

1. What is the relation between $\mathbf{Q}$ and $\mathbf{R}$ in ' $\mathbf{P}+\mathbf{Q} \div \mathbf{R}-\mathbf{S}$ '
a) $Q$ is the aunt of $R$
b) Q is the brother of R
c) Q is the mother of R
d) $Q$ is the father of $R$
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer -b) $\mathbf{Q}$ is brother of $\mathbf{R}$


S

## Explanation :

2. $\quad$ In $\mathbf{P}-\mathbf{Q}+\mathbf{R} \div \mathbf{S}$, what is $\mathbf{P}$ to $\mathbf{R}$ -
a) Grandfather
b) mother
c) grandmother
d) father
e) None of these


Explanation :
Direction $(Q 3-Q 5)$ There is family of 6 members $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$ in which two are married couples. $S$ is the grandfather of $P$ and father of $T . Q$ is the wife of $T$ and mother of $R$. $P$ is the granddaughter of $S$.
Explanation

Explanation -


SU and TQ are couples
3. How many males are there in the family?
a) two
b) three
c) four
d) can't be determined
e) None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer -d) can't be determined
Explanation :Gender of R is unknown
4. What is the relation between $\mathbf{U}$ and $T$ ?
a) $U$ is the father of $T$
b) $U$ is the mother of $T$
c) $U$ is the mother in law of $T$
d) There is no relation between $U$ and $T$
e) None of these

Answer
Answer -b) $\mathbf{U}$ is the mother of $\mathbf{T}$
5. Which among the following is one of the couple?
a) TU
b) SQ
c) SU
d) TP
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer -c) SU

Direction(Q6 - Q10) In a family there are 6 members $P, Q, R, X, Y$ and $Z . R$ is the sister of $Z . X$ is the father of $P$ and grandfather of $Z . Q$ is the brother of $Y$ 's husband. There are three brothers, one mother and two fathers.
Explanation

Explanation :

6. Who is the mother of $\mathbf{R}$ ?
a) Q
b) Z
c) Y
d) $X$
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - c) Y
7. Who is Y's husband ?
a) Q
b) P
c) $X$
d) Can't be determined
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - b) $\mathbf{P}$
8. How many females are there in the family?
a) One
b) two
c) three
d) four

## Answer

Answer - b) two
9. Which of the following is the group of brothers ?
a) PQZ
b) PRZ
c) $X Z P$
d) QRZ
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - a) PQZ
Explanation :
P and Q are brothers and Z is the brother of R
10. How is $\mathbf{Q}$ related to $\mathbf{Y}$ ?
a) sister in law
b) Brother in law
c) Father in law
d) Mother in law
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - b) Brother in law
Direction(1-5) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions
' P \# Q ' means ' P is the daughter of Q '
' P © Q ' means ' Q is the brother of P '
' $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' Q is the sister of P '
' $P \& Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the son of $Q$ '
' P * Q ' means ' P is the father of Q '
' P @ Q ' means ' P is the mother of Q '

1. What does the expression 'A @ C=B © D \& E'?
A. E is the husband of A
B. $C$ is the son of $E$
C. C is the daughter of E
D. E is the wife of A
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer- A. $\mathbf{E}$ is the husband of $\mathbf{A}$
2. Which of the following indicates that ' $W$ is the paternal uncle of $P$ '?
A. W \& U \# Q @ R © P
B. W \& U \& R @ Q © P
C. P \& R \& Q @ U © W
D. P \& Q \# U @ R © W
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer-C. P \& R\&Q @ U © W

## 3. Which of the following can be the correct conclusion drawn from the expression

' $\mathbf{O}=\mathbf{P} \# \mathbf{Q} \subset \mathbf{C}$ * $\mathbf{W}$ '?
A. W is the grandson of P
B. O is the uncle of Q
C. Q is the uncle of W
D. W is the niece of Q
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer E. None of these
4. Which of the following can be correct conclusion drawn from the expression
'A \& C @ D © G = H'?
A. D is the brother of H
B. C has two sons and two daughters
C. D is the sister of H
D. H is the sister of A
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer $\mathbf{D}$. $\mathbf{H}$ is the sister of $\mathbf{A}$.
5. Which of the following indicates ' A is the daughter of E '?
A. Q*P\#C @ N @ V
B. E * D \# R @ A @ B
C. F @ $\mathrm{E} \# \mathrm{R}$ * A
D. F © $\mathrm{A}=\mathrm{B} \# \mathrm{E}$
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer B. E * D \# R @ A @ B
Directions(6-8): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: $A$ is the daughter of $E$. $F$ has only two children - A and G. H is the brother of $I$. $G$ is married to $K$. $F$ has only two daughters. $M$ is the mother of $E . H$ is married to $A . M$ is married to $N$. $F$ is the son of $\mathbf{O}$.
6. Who among the following is the father of E ?
A. M
B. O
C. F
D. N
E. None of these

Answer
Answer - D. N
7. Who among the following is the sister-in-law of $I$ ?
A. G
B. A
C. E
D. M
E. O

## Answer

Answer-B. A
8. How is $\mathbf{F}$ related to $\mathbf{H}$ ?
A. Father-in-law
B. Mother-in-law
C. Father
D. Mother
E. Brother

Answer
Answer A. Father-in-law

Directions(Q.No: 9 \& 10): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
A is the brother of B. B is the mother of C. C is the sister of E. E is married to F. G is the father of $B$. $G$ has only one daughter. $G$ is married to $H$. A is the brother of $I$. $L$ is the father-in-law of $I$.
9. How is I related to $\mathbf{C}$ ?
A. Cannot be determined
B. Mother
C. Uncle
D. Father
E. Aunt

Answer


Answer C. Uncle
10. If $L$ is the father of $M$, then how is I related to $M$ ?
A. Cousin
B. Husband
C. Wife
D. Cannot be determined
E. Brother

Answer
Answer B. Husband

Direction(1-4) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions
There are six persons $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$ in a family. There are two fathers, three brothers and a mother in the family. $R$ is the sister of $U . Q$ is the brother of $T$ 's husband. $S$ is the father of $P$ and grandfather of $\mathbf{U}$.
Explanation


1. Who is the mother in the family?
a) P
b) $R$
c) T
d) S
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - c) T
2. How many males are there in the family?
a) one
b) two
c) three
d) four
e) None of these

Answer
Answer - d) four
3. How is U related to T?
a) son
b) daughter
c) niece
d) nephew
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - a) son
4. Which of the following is the group of brothers?
a) $S U Q$
b) SPQ
c) PQU
d) SQU
e) None of these

## Answer

Answer - c) PQU
5. Pointing to a woman in the picture, Rajesh said her mother has only one grandchild whose mother is my wife. How is the woman in the picture related to Rajesh?
a) daughter
b) niece
c) wife
d) sister-in-law
e) None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - c) wife


Explanation :
6. Pointing to a photograph a lady tells prakash I am the only daughter of this lady and her son is your maternal uncle. How the speaker related to prakash father?
a) wife
b) daughter
c) sister-in-law
d) mother-in-law
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - a) wife


Explanation :

Direction: $\mathbf{Q}(7-8)$ Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions A* B means A is the sister of B
$A \div B$ means $A$ is the brother of $B$
$A+B$ means $A$ is the father of $B$
$A-B$ means $A$ is the mother of $B$
7. What is the relation between $\mathbf{Q}$ and S in ' $\mathbf{P}+\mathbf{Q} \div \mathbf{R}-\mathbf{S}$ '
a) Q is the aunt of S
b) Q is the uncle of S
c) Q is the mother of S
d) Q is the father of S
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - b) $\mathbf{Q}$ is the uncle of $\mathbf{S}$


## Explanation :

8. What is the relation between $T$ and $Q$ in ' $\mathbf{P} * \mathbf{Q} \div \mathbf{R}+\mathbf{S} * \mathbf{T}$ '
a) $T$ is the niece of $Q$
b) $T$ is the son of $Q$
c) T is the nephew of Q
d) either $a$ and $b$
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - d) either $\mathbf{a}$ and $\mathbf{b}$


## Explanation :

9. $S$, the son-in-law of $Q$, is the brother-in-law of $P$ who is the brother of R. How is $P$ is related to Q ?
a) Brother
b) son
c) father
d) data inadequate
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - b) son


Explanation :
Place of R is not fixed, it may be the wife of S or may be the brother/sister of P . But the Relation between P and Q can be derived from the above information
10. Rakesh introduced Priya as the sister of the father of my mother's son. How is Priya related to Rakesh.
a) Aunt
b) sister
c) sister-in-law
d) wife
e) None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - a) Aunt


## Explanation :

Direction(1-5) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions
'P \# Q' means ' P is the daughter of Q '
' $\mathrm{P} \subset \mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' Q is the brother of P '
' $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' Q is the sister of P '
' $P$ \& $Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the son of $Q$ '
' P * Q ' means ' P is the father of Q '
' P @ Q ' means ' P is the mother of Q '

1. Which of the following indicates that ' $A$ is the paternal uncle of $S$ '?
1.A \& M \# P @ K © S
2.A \& M \& K @ P © S
3.S \& K \& P @ M © A
4.S \& P \# M @ K © A
5.None of these

Answer
Answer-3.S \& K \& P @ M © A
2. What does the expression 'A @ $\mathbf{M}=\mathbf{L} \oplus \mathbf{D} \& \mathbf{N}$ '?
1.N is the wife of A
2. M is the son of N
3.M is the daughter of N
4. N is the husband of A
5.None of these


Answer
Answer - 4.N is the husband of A
3. Which of the following indicates ' $M$ is the daughter of $S$ '?
1.M * A \# R @ S @ T
2.S * A \# R @ M @ T
3.Y @ S \# O * M
4. $\mathrm{Y} \odot \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{T} \# \mathrm{~S}$
5.None of these

Answer
Answer-2.S*A \# R @ M @ T
4. Which of the following can be correct conclusion drawn from the expression
'E\&L@C©T=R'?

1. C is the brother of R
2.L has two sons and two daughters
2. C is the sister of E
4.R is the sister of E
5.None of these

Answer
Answer - 4.R is the sister of $\mathbf{E}$
5. Which of the following can be the correct conclusion drawn from the expression
' $\mathbf{T}=\mathbf{R} \# \mathbf{U} \subset \mathbf{S}$ * $\mathbf{K}$ '?

1. K is the grandson of R
2.T is the uncle of U
2. U is the uncle of K
3. K is the niece of U
5.None of these

## Answer

Answer - 5.None of these
Direction: Q(6-8)
$K$ is sister of $S$. $S$ is married to $M . M$ is father of $R$. $Q$ is son of $P$. $S$ is mother-in-law of $P . M$ has only one son and no daughter. $K$ is married to $T$. $N$ is daughter of $K$.
6. How is $\mathbf{P}$ related to $\mathbf{M}$ ?
1.Uncle
2.Son
3.Daughter in law
4.Grandson
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer- 3.Daughter in law


Explanation :
7. $\quad$ How is $K$ related to $R$ ?
1.Mother
2.Sister
3.Aunt
4.Mother-in-law
5.None of these

Answer
Answer-3.Aunt
8. A is the daughter of $\mathbf{F} . \mathbf{H}$ is married to $\mathbf{F}$. $\mathbf{F}$ is brother of $\mathbf{B} . \mathbf{Q}$ is married to A. How $\mathbf{H}$ related to $\mathbf{Q}$ ?
1.Mother-in-law
2.Mother
3.Aunt
4.Daughter
5.None of these

Answer
Answer - 1.Mother-in-law
Direction: Q(9-10)
$\mathbf{M}+\mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Sister of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} @ \mathbf{N}$ means $M$ is Father of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} \div \mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Son of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} \% \mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Mother of $\mathbf{N}$
9. If $L$ is grandson of $M$ is to be true in the given expression,what will come in the place of ?

M \% G @ L ? R
1.+
2.@
3.\%
4. -
5.None of these

> Answer \& Explanation
> Answer - 4. $\div$
> Explanation :
> M \% G @ L $\div$ R
> M mother G Father L Son R
10. In which of the following pairs is the first person daughter of the second person with regard to the expression
$\mathbf{K} @ \mathbf{R} \div \mathbf{M}+\mathbf{T} \div \mathbf{N}$
1.R, T
2.K, N
3.N, R
4.M, N
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer-4.M, $\mathbf{N}$
Explanation :
K- Father -R- son- M- sister -T- son-N

## Direction Question(1-3):

In a family there are two fathers, two mothers, one sister, one brother, two daughter, one mother-in-law, one daughter-in-law, two sister-in-law, one son, one grandfather, one grand mother and one grand daughter.

1. How many married couples are there in the family?
1.Three
2.One
3.Two
4.Four
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 3.Two
Explanation :

2. How many female members in their family ?
1.Three
2.Two
3.Four
4.One
5.None of these

## Answer

- 3.Four

3. What is the maximum number of people in the family ?
1.8
2.7
3.5
4.6
5.None of these

Answer

- 4.6

Direction Question(4-6): Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions
$\mathbf{P}$ @ $\mathbf{Q}$ means $\mathbf{P}$ is sister of $\mathbf{Q}$
$P \% B$ means $P$ is son of $Q$
$P \$ \mathbf{Q}$ means $P$ is mother of $Q$
$P$ \# $\mathbf{Q}$ means $P$ is father of $Q$
Which of the following should come in place of? to make the expression $M$ is grandfather of $S$ ?

4. U \% M \# R ? T \# S
1.\$
2.\%
3.@
4.\#
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 3.@
Explanation :
U son : M father: R sister: T father S
5. How is $\mathbf{P}$ related to $\mathbf{O}$ in the given expression?

V \$ O \# Y @ Z \% P
1.Grandmother
2.Sister
3.Wife
4.Mother
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 3.Wife
Explanation :
V mother O father Y sister Z son P
Hence OP $=>$ Husband \& wife $=>Y Z=>$ Children of OP
6. A @ I \% D \$ F \# G, what relationship can exist between D and G ?
1.Aunty
2.Grand Father
3.Mother
4.Grand Mother
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 4.Grand Mother
Explanation :
A sister I son D mother F father G
7. $Z$ is father of $M . M$ is married to $B . B$ is mother of $T . B$ has only one daughter, $T$ is married to $O . R$ is son of $O$.
How is $B$ related to $R$ ?
1.Mother
2.Father
3.Uncle
4.Grand mother
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 4.Grand mother
Explanation :


Direction Question(8-10):
$P \times Q$ means $P$ is father of $Q$
$P+Q$ means $P$ is wife of $Q$
$P \div Q$ means $P$ is daughter of $Q$
$P-Q$ means $P$ is son of $Q$
8. Which of the following relations are true based upon the relation given in the equation ?
$\mathbf{A}-\mathbf{B} \times \mathbf{C}+\mathbf{D}-\mathbf{E}$
1.E is mother-in-law of C
2.D is brother of $A$
3.E is wife of $B$
4. A is brother of C
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 4. A is brother of C
Explanation :
$A$ son $B$ father $C$ wife $D$ son $E$
9. What will come in the place of ? to establish that $M$ is the nephew of $N$ in the expression $M$ ? $\mathbf{K} \div \mathbf{L} \times \mathbf{N}$
1.+
2. $\div$
3. $\times$
4.-
5.None of these

10. How is $A$ related to $E$ in the expression $A \div \mathbf{H} \times \mathbf{G}-\mathbf{B} \div \mathbf{E}$ ?
1.Daughter-in-law
2.Granddaughter
3.Daughter
4.Grandson
5.None of these

> Answer
> Answer - 2.Granddaughter
> Explanation :
> A daughter H father G son B daughter E

Direction(1-5) Read the following information carefully to answer the following questions
' P \# Q' means ' P is the daughter of Q '
' P © Q ' means ' Q is the brother of P '
' $\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q}$ ' means ' Q is the sister of P '
' $P$ \& $Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the son of $Q$ '
' $P$ * $Q$ ' means ' $P$ is the father of $Q$ '
'P@ Q' means 'P is the mother of Q'

1. What does the expression 'P@R=S@T\&V'?
A. V is the husband of P
B. R is the son of V
C. R is the daughter of V
D. $V$ is the wife of $P$
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer A. V is the husband of $\mathbf{P}$
2. Which of the following indicates that ' C is the paternal uncle of D '?
A. C \& V \# N @ L © D
B. C \& V \& L @ N © D
C. D\&L\&N@V © C
D. D \& N \# V @ L © C
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer C. D \& L \& N @ V © C
3. Which of the following can be the correct conclusion drawn from the expression
' $\mathbf{L}=\mathbf{M} \# \mathbf{N}$ © $\mathbf{P}$ * $\mathbf{Q}$ '?
A. Q is the grandson of M
B. $L$ is the uncle of $N$
C. N is the uncle of Q
D. Q is the niece of N
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer E. None of these
4. Which of the following can be correct conclusion drawn from the expression
' $\mathbf{Q} \& \mathbf{N} @ \mathbf{S}$ © $\mathbf{M}=\mathbf{P}$ '?
A. S is the brother of P
B. N has two sons and two daughters
C. S is the sister of Q
D. P is the sister of Q
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer $\mathbf{D}$. $\mathbf{P}$ is the sister of $\mathbf{Q}$
5. Which of the following indicates ' Q is the daughter of N '?
A. Q * P \# C @ N @ V
B. $\mathrm{N} * \mathrm{P} \# \mathrm{C}$ @ Q @ V
C. M @ N \# R * Q
D. $\mathrm{M} \odot \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{V} \# \mathrm{~N}$
E. None of these

## Answer

Answer B. N * P \# C @ Q @ V

Directions(6-8): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: $S$ is the daughter of $U$. $V$ has only two children $-S$ and $Y$. $P$ is the brother of $B$. $Y$ is married to $D$. $V$ has only two daughters. $J$ is the mother of $U$. $P$ is married to $S . J$ is married to $L . V$ is the son of T.
6. Who among the following is the father of $\mathbf{U}$ ?
A. J
B. T
C. V
D. L
E. None of these

Answer
Answer D. L
7. Who among the following is the sister-in-law of B?
A. Y
B. S
C. U
D. J
E. T

Answer
Answer B. S
8. How is $\mathbf{V}$ related to $\mathbf{P}$ ?
A. Father-in-law
B. Mother-in-law
C. Father
D. Mother
E. Brother

Answer
Answer A. Father-in-law
Directions(Q.No: 9 \& 10): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:
$K$ is the brother of $J$. $J$ is the mother of $Y$. $Y$ is the sister of $T$. T is married to $Q . S$ is the father of $J$. $S$ has only one daughter. $S$ is married to $R . K$ is the brother of $D . U$ is the father-in-law of $D$.
9. How is D related to Y?
A. Cannot be determined
B. Mother
C. Uncle
D. Father
E. Aunt

[^0]10. If $\mathbf{U}$ is the father of $\mathbf{C}$, then how is $\mathbf{D}$ related to $\mathbf{C}$ ?
A. Cousin
B. Husband
C. Wife
D. Cannot be determined
E. Brother

## Answer

Answer B. Husband

1. $Q(1-3) A$ is sister of $B . E$ is brother of $B$. $E$ is son of $H . H$ is married to $F$. $F$ is daughter of G. $F$ has only one daughter. $G$ is married to $C$. $E$ is brother of $D . D$ is married to $I$. How is I related to A ?
1.Sister
2.Mother
3.Daughter-in-law
4.Sister-in-law
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 4.Sister-in-law


Explanation :
$\mathrm{A}(-) \ldots \ldots . . . . . \mathrm{B}(+) \ldots \ldots \mathrm{E}(+) \ldots \ldots . . . . . \mathrm{D}(+) \longleftrightarrow \mathrm{I}(-)$
2. If $\mathbf{M}$ is brother of $\mathbf{C}$ then how is $\mathbf{G}$ related to $\mathbf{M}$ ?
1.Cousin
2.Uncle
3.Brother
4.Can't be determined
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 4.Can't be determined
Explanation :
Gender of G is not known
3. If $\mathbf{R}$ is daughter of $I$ then how $B$ is related to $\mathbf{R}$ ?
1.Uncle
2.Brother
3.Father
4.Can't be determined
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

## Answer - 1.Uncle

## Explanation :

R daughter I brother B

## 4. $\quad \mathbf{Q}(4-5) \mathbf{A} \times \mathbf{B}$ means $\mathbf{A}$ is brother of $\mathbf{B}$

$A \div B$ means $A$ is sister of $B$
$A+B$ means $A$ is father of $B$
$A-B$ means $A$ is mother of $B$
Which of the following means $P$ is nephew of $K$ ?

1. $\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{M} \div \mathrm{K} \times \mathrm{T}$
2. $\mathrm{T}+\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{K}$
3. $\mathrm{K}-\mathrm{M} \div \mathrm{T}+\mathrm{P}$
$4 . \mathrm{K} \div \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{P} \times \mathrm{T}$
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 4.K $\div$ M-P $\times$ T
Explanation :
K sister M mother P brother T
5. Which of the following means $\mathbf{F}$ is grandfather of $\mathbf{G}$ ?
1.F+J-G
2.F-J+G
3. $\mathrm{H} * \mathrm{~F}+\mathrm{G}$
4. $\mathrm{G} \div \mathrm{J} * \mathrm{~F}$
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer-1.F+J-G
Explanation :
F father J mother G
6. Micael said, pointing to Mahavir "He is son of my granfather's daughter". How is Micael related to Mahavir ?
1.Grandfather
2.Cousin
3.Uncle
4.Brother
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 2.Cousin
Explanation :
Grand father's daughter' son - son => Cousin
7. $\quad \mathbf{Q}(7-8) \mathbf{M}+\mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Sister of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} @ \mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Father of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} \div \mathbf{N}$ means $\mathbf{M}$ is Son of $\mathbf{N}$
$\mathbf{M} \% \mathrm{~N}$ means M is Mother of $\mathbf{N}$
What will come in the place of ?. If $\mathbf{P}$ is grandson of $\mathbf{Q}$ is to be true in the given expression $\mathbf{Q} \% \mathrm{~T}$

## @ P ? S

1.+
2. $\div$
3.\%
4.@
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 2. $\div$
Explanation :
Q \% T @ P $\div$ S
Q mother T Father P Son S
8. In which of the following pairs is the first person daughter of the second person with regard to the expression $\mathbf{F} @ \mathbf{G} \div \mathbf{I}+\mathbf{J} \div \mathbf{H}$
1.G, J
2.F, H
3.H, G
4.I, H
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer -4.I, H
Explanation :
F- Father -G- son- I- sister -J- son- H
9. Pointing to a lady in the photograph Kiran said, "She is the daughter of the daughter of the only son of my grand father." How is the lady related to Kiran ?
1.Sister
2.Maternal aunt
3.Niece
4.Cousin
5.None of these

> Answer \& Explanation
> Answer -3.Niece
> Explanation :
> Grandfather -son-daughter of daughter
> His sister's daughter
10. Pointing to a lady in photograph, Nitesh said, "Her mother is the only daughter of my mother's mother." How is Nitesh related to the lady?
1.Nephew
2.Uncle
3.Maternal uncle
4.Brother
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation

Answer - 4.Brother
Explanation :
Nitesh's mothe'r sister's son $=>$ brother

1. $Q(1-2) M$ is daughter of $N$ and sister of $L . K$ is daughter of $L$ and granddaughter of $G . F$ is sister-in-law of $M$. $L$ is only sibling of $M$.
How is K related to N ?
1.Grandson
2.Granddaughter
3.Daughter
4.Daughter-in-law
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 2.Granddaughter

2. How is $\mathbf{F}$ related to $\mathbf{G}$ ?
1.Daughter
2.Mother
3.Daughter-in-law
4.Mother-in-law
5.None of these

## Answer

Answer - 3.Daughter-in-law
3. $Q(3-4) X$ is married to $Y . Y$ is mother of $Z . Z$ is sister of $V . Y$ has only one daughter. $V$ is married to $W$. $R$ is son of $W$. T is mother of $W$.
How is $X$ related to $R$ ?
1.Grandfather
2.Father
3.Uncle
4.Father-in-law
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer - 1.Grandfather


Explanation :
4. How is V related to T ?
1.Son
2.Daughter
3.Brother
4.Son-in-law
5.None of these

## Answer

Answer - 4.Son-in-law
5. $\quad Q(5-8)$. A is sister of $B . B$ is married to $D$. $D$ is father of $C . H$ is son of $G$. $B$ is mother-in-law of G. D has only one son and no daughter. $A$ is married to $E$. $F$ is daughter of $A$.
How is H related to D ?
1.Uncle
2.Son
3.Brother
4.Grandson
5.None of these

## Answer \& Explanation <br> Answer - 4.Grandson

Explanation :

,

6. How is A related to C ?
1.Mother
2.Sister
3.Aunt
4.Mother-in-law
5.None of these

> Answer - 3.Aunt
7. How is $\mathbf{F}$ related to $\mathbf{B}$ ?
1.Mother
2.Sister
3.Daughter
4.Aunt
5.None of these

## Answer

Answer - 4.Aunt
8. $K$ is the daughter of $I$. $J$ is married to $I$. I is brother of $L . H$ is married to $K$. How $J$ related to H ?
1.Mother-in-law
2.Mother
3.Aunt
4.Daughter
5.None of these

## Answer

Answer - 1.Mother-in-law
9. If $P+Q$ means $P$ is the sister of $Q, P-Q$ means $P$ is brother of $Q, P * Q$ means $P$ is daughter of $Q$. Which of the following shows the relation that $K$ is a uncle of $O$.
1.O*F-K
2. $\mathrm{K} * \mathrm{~F}+\mathrm{O}$
3. $\mathrm{F}^{*} \mathrm{~K}+\mathrm{O}$
$4 . \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{K} * \mathrm{~F}$
5.None of these

## Answer - 5.None of these

10. $M$ and $N$ are sisters. $X$ and $Y$ are brothers. M's daughter is $X$ 's sister. what is N's relation to Y ?
1.Aunt
2.Sister
3.Mother-in-law
4.Daughter
5.None of these

Answer \& Explanation
Answer-1.Aunt
Explanation :
M-N-sister
A(M's daughter - X's sister)
X - Y-brother


[^0]:    Answer
    Answer C. Uncle

